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## **EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

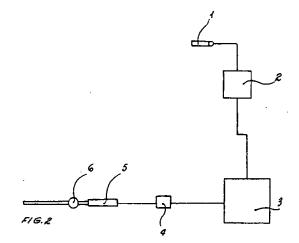
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The title of the invention has been amended (Guidelines for Examination in the EPO, A-III, 7.3).

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- Designated Contracting States: AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
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- Opening control device for the loading door of a dry-cleaning machine.
- (f) Inside the dry washing machine, the device is foreseen with a probe (1) consisting of two electrodes which measure the ohmic resistance of the air between them. Since the said resistance is related to the gas concentration, the probe (1) can detect the concentration of solvent gas present at that moment in the machine. When the value of gas predetermined by means of an electronic circuit (2) has been reached, the air circulation in the machine is interrupted and an electronic circuit (3) controls an electrovalve (4) activating a pneumatic piston (5) which disengages the latch (6) of the loading door.



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## OPENING-CONTROL DEVICE OF THE LOADING HANDHOLE IN DRY WASHING MACHINES ON BEARING OF THE REQUIRED GAS CONCENTRATION

The invention referts to a system for bearing of the gas concentration of solvent present in the dry washing machines at the end of the drying phase to allow the automatic opening of the loading and unloading handhole as soon as a value fixed in advance has been reached. In a dry washing machine, after the washing and treating phases of clothing with solvent and additives, a first draying phase is carried out by means of heated air which is let pass through the clothing in order to remove the solvent therein contained, and subsequently cooling is performed in an exchanger foreseen for this purpose in order to recover the solvent. As soon as this operation is over, the so called "reduction or deodorizing phase" is carried out, which consists in a blasting of the solvent gas concentration, and subsequently the loading handhole can be opened and the clothing taken away.

At present no checking of the solvent gas concentration in reduction phase exists, and an empirical system is used, i. e. base on tests performed previously in which it was establi shed that, in order to obtain the required value, this reduction phase must be carried out during a certain time. This present checking system, however, does not give assurance since many factors may effect it in different ways and determine values of gas concentration which may differ even substantially from the ones foreseen during the tests. Among these factors, also the kind of the handled clothing, the use condition of the dry washing device, as well as the condition and the kind of the used solvent must be taken into condideration. Consequently, the disadvantages are evident that affect a system like the one now used and based on previous tests. Furthermore, there to bear in mind that the present sanitary and anti-pollution rules in force in many European countries require that, at the end of the washing cycle, the solvent concentration in the machine inside as well in the clothing do not exceed a maximum established value, so that, when the loading handhole is opened, the workers are not intoxicated and the surrounding is not polluted.

The invention allows the integral solution of the problem by fitting the washing machine with a system for checking the gas concentration degree of the solvent contained in its inside. This system, by adopting either one or more bearing elements and by means of a control device, when the requested value is reached, opens automatically the loading and unloading handhole allowing to take up the clothing from the basket. Substantially, the invention foresees a probe 1, in the washing machine inside, consisting of two electrodes mesuring the

ohmic resistance of the air interposed between the two electrodes. Since this resistance changes according to the gas concentration existing in the machine, this probe can pick the solvent gas concentration degree existing on that moment in the device. Through an electronic circuit 2 the ohmic resistance of the probe is then taken, which breaks off the air circulation inside the machine as soon as the value fixed in advance has been reached. An electronic circuit 3, at last, controls an electrovalve 4 which activated a linear variator with pneumatic piston 5 unblocking the shackle 6 of the loading handhole.

In a version of the dry machine execution, proble 1 is positioned in canal 7 to pick the gas solvent concentration existing in the air coming from the tumbler 8 and sucked up by means of the fan 9. In order to change the concentration value at which the proble must intervene, a potentiometer to be properly controlled from outside is foreseen in the electronic circuit 2. In a version, th probe 1 can be used as an auxiliary outside detector foreseen at one air exit of the machine. On this exit a container of activated carbons can be fitted to keep back the gas. Consequently, when this probe shows an outlet gas concentration, it is necessary to intervene to regenerate or change the activated carbons. The use of the probe fitted outside enables both to observe th solvent gas concentration, thus allowing the stop intervention of the fan 8, and to observe an anomay in the unit operation.

An execution form is illustrated in an indicative way in the drawings of table 1, where fig. 1 is a schematic view of the dry washing device to show the position of the probe 1. Fig. 2 is the basic scheme of bearing system of the gas concentration which controls the pneumatic linear actuator with piston for disengaging the shackle of loading-undoading handhole.

In the executions, one or more probes are foreseen to know the gas concentration of the solvent. The components and anything else can be replaced and/or integrated with other techically equivalent ones.

## Claims

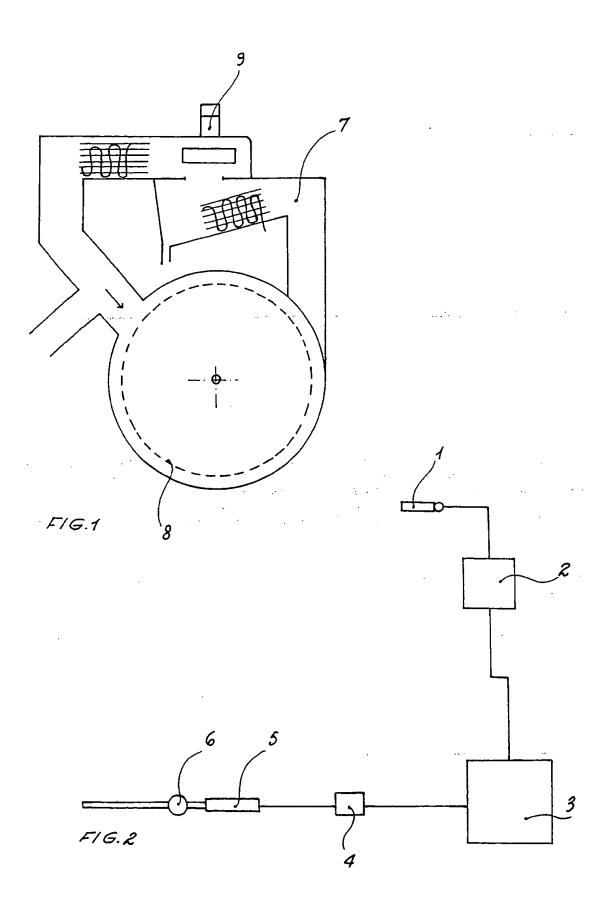
1) Opening-control device of the loading handhole in dry washing machines on bearing of the required gas concentration, characterized by the fact that a probe (1) is foreseen in the machine inside consisting of two electrodes, for measuring the air ohmic resistance interposed between the electrodes.

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Since this resistance changes according to the concentration of the gas contained in the device inside, this probe (1) can measure the solvent concentration degree which is present in that moment in the machine. Through an electronic circuit, the ohmic resistance of the probe i then measured which, when the value fixed in advance has been reached, breaks the air circulation inside the dry washing machine. At last, an electronic circuit (3) controls an electrovalve (4) which drives a linear variator with pneumatic piston (5) disengaging the shackle (6) of the loading handhole.

- 2) Opening-control device of the loading handhole in dry washing machines on bearing of the required gas concentration, as per claim 1), characterized by the fact that in a version the probe (1) is positioned in the canal (7) to pick the concentration of solvent which is present in the air coming from tumbler (8) and sucked through a fan (9).
- 3) Opening-control device of the loading handhole in dry washing machines on bearing of the required gas concentration, as per claim 1), characterized by the fact that to regulate the concentration value at which the probe (1) must intervene, a potentiometer to be properly regulated from outside has been foreseen in the electronic circuit (2).
- 4) Opening-control device of the loading handhole in dry washing machines on bearing of the required gas concentration, as per claim 1), characterized by the fact that in a version the proble (1) can be used as an auxiliary detector, with outer positioning, foreseen at one air exit from the machine. On this outlet, a container of activated carbons can be fitted in order to keep back the gas. Consequently, when the probe (1) picks an outlet of solvent gas concentration, an intervention is required to regenerate or replace the activated carbons. The outer use of the probe (1) enables to observe the solvent gas concentration, thus allowing the intervention for stopping of the fan (8) as well as to note an anomay in the machine operation, if any.



EP 89 83 0328

ategory	Citation of document with in of relevant pas	dication, where appropriate,	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CL5)	
۸	US-A-3283548 (MC GRAW-El * column 14, line 33 - c figures 11, 12 *		1	D06F43/00	
•	EP-A-237719 (BOWE REINIC * abstract; claim 4 *	GUNGSTECHNIK GMBH)	1-4		
`	US-A-3273256 (BORG-WARNE * column 23, lines 40 -	<u>-</u>	1		
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5)	
				006F 0068	
	The present search report has be	en drawn up for all claims			
Proce of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 19 MARCH 1990	COURR	COURRIER G. L. A.	
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